Audited Financial Statements	
Hanley International Academy Hamtramck, Michigan	
June 30, 2021	

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	i – ii
Management's Discussion and Analysis	iii - viii
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Activities	2
Combined Balance Sheet – All Governmental Funds	3
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – All Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7 - 19
Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	20
Schedule of Revenues – General Fund	21
Schedule of Expenditures – General Fund	22 - 23

CONTENTS - Continued

	<u>Page</u>
Appendix- Federal Awards Report	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	A-1 – A-2
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	A-3 – A-4
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	A-5 – A-7
Reconciliation of Basic Financial Statements Federal Receivables and Revenue with Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	A-8
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	A-9
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	A-10



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Hanley International Academy

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hanley International Academy as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hanley International Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hanley International Academy, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Fax: 248.659.5305

Phone: 248.659.5300 Fax: 248.659.5305

Fax: 561.368.4641

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hanley International Academy's basic financial statements. The schedules of revenues and expenditures, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of revenues and expenditures, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of revenues and expenditures, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2021, on our consideration of Hanley International Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanley International Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hanley International Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Rochester, Michigan October 26, 2021



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Hanley International Academy's, annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the school's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the school's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

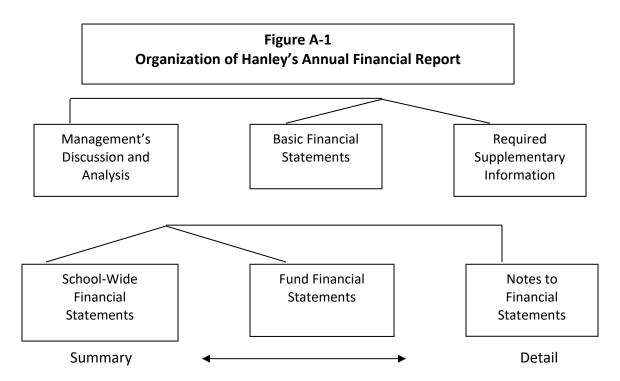
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ❖ The total cost of basic programs was \$2,759,025.
- General fund revenues were at \$7,380,631 while expenditures were \$7,213,881.
 - Blended enrollment used for state aid purposes was 647.00 students.
- ❖ The school has a positive General Fund balance of \$2,097,900.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the school:

- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the school's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the school, reporting the school's operations in more detail.
- The governmental fund statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the school acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others. These consist of student activity funds held by the school on behalf of the student group.



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the school's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2
Major Features of School-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	School-Wide		
	Statements	Government Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the school that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance.	Instances in which the school administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of net position *Statement of activities	*Balance sheet *Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	*Statement of fiduciary net position *Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the school's financial statements, including the portion of the school's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

SCHOOL-WIDE STATEMENTS

The school-wide statements report information about the school as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the school's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the school's net position and how they have changed. Net position — the difference between the school's assets and liabilities — are one way to measure the school's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the school's assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the school, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the school's enrollment and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the school's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the school as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the school uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- ❖ Governmental activities Most of the school's basic services are included in the general fund, such as regular and special education and administration. State foundation aid finances most of these activities.
- The school establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The school has two kinds of funds:

- ❖ Governmental funds Most of the school's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the school's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information with governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds The school is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. We exclude these activities from the schoolwide financial statements because the school cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The school's financial position is the product of many factors.

School Governmental

The stability of the school's finances is a result of the following measures:

❖ Many years of controlling spending to ensure that it aligns with revenues received from the State.

General Fund Budgetary Analysis

Over the course of the year, the school reviewed the annual operating budget monthly and amended the budget quarterly.

All invoices were paid in a timely matter.

Financial Outlook

Hanley International Academy's financial forecast continues to be optimistic heading into the 2020-2021 school year.

- The federal government made available grants of approximately \$596,000 to mitigate additional costs related to the coronavirus during the fiscal year 2020-2021. The budgeted federal grants related to covid for fiscal year 2021-2022 is approximately \$4,000,000. A substantial increase to assist the academy through the continuing pandemic.
- * Enrollment is anticipated to remain constant for the 2020-2021 school year. These students will be both on-site (96.5%) and virtual learners (3.5%).
- The Academy is using revenue increases from the state and federal government to improve facilities, provide new technology to enhance the students education and social programs.

Table A-3
Hanley International Academy's Net Position

	 2021	2020		
Current and other assets	\$ 3,627,500	\$	4,061,641	
Capital assets	 6,401,262		6,586,553	
Total assets	 10,028,762		10,648,194	
Long-term debt outstanding	7,033,026		7,510,594	
Other liabilities	1,464,622		1,836,024	
Total liabilities	 8,497,648		9,346,618	
Net position	\$ 1,531,114	\$	1,301,576	

Table A-4
Changes in Hanley International Academy's Net Position

Revenues:	2021			2020		
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	58	\$	429		
Federal and state operating grants		2,086,038		1,923,473		
General revenues:						
State aid - unrestricted		5,329,290		5,134,674		
Miscellaneous		128,164		176,631		
Total revenues		7,543,550		7,235,207		
Expenses:						
Instruction		3,411,723		3,380,823		
Support services		3,210,357		2,900,037		
Unallocated depreciation		225,886		214,496		
Interest on long-term debt		466,046		537,556		
Total expenses		7,314,012		7,032,912		
Increase(decrease) in net position	\$	229,538	\$	202,295		

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2021, the school had invested \$9,275,693 in capital assets, including equipment and a building. See Table A-5 below for a listing of capital assets, and the accumulated depreciation.

Table A-5
Hanley International Academy's Capital Assets

		Balance ne 30, 2021	Balance June 30, 2020		
	\$ 927,817				
Land	\$	927,817	\$	927,817	
Building		7,045,876		7,045,876	
Equipment and furniture		641,262		616,262	
Computers		660,738		645,143	
Subtotal		9,275,693		9,235,098	
Less: accumulated depreciation		2,874,431		2,648,545	
Total net capital assets	\$	6,401,262	\$	6,586,553	

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

- Successful navigation of the current virtual learning environment.
- Maintenance of current enrollment and staffing levels.
- Aligning expenditures with available revenue sources.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our students, parents and creditors with a general overview of the school's finances and to demonstrate the school's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the management office at:

The Romine Group 7877 Stead, Utica, MI 48317 (586)731-5300

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments - restricted for debt service	\$	874,634 662,064
Due from other governmental units		2,064,660
Prepaid expenses		26,142
Total current assets		3,627,500
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation		6,401,262
Total assets	\$	10,028,762
		10,020,702
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	359,044
Due to other governmental units	·	485,175
Unearned revenue		4,787
Other accrued expenses		615,616
Total current liabilities		1,464,622
Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion		7,033,026
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		(631,764)
Restricted for debt service and lunch operations		662,064
Unrestricted		1,500,814
Total net position		1,531,114
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$	10,028,762

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Program Revenues Charges for Operating			Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Position Government Type		
	 xpenses		ervices		Grants	Activities	
Functions							
Instruction							
Basic programs	\$ 2,759,025	\$	-	\$	916,826	\$	(1,842,199)
Added needs	652,698		-		606,814		(45,884)
Support services							
Pupil support services	143,251		-		32,000		(111,251)
Instructional staff support services	258,482		-		160,088		(98,394)
General administration	820,502		-		-		(820,502)
School administration	623,621		-		-		(623,621)
Business support services	303,481		-		-		(303,481)
Operations and maintenance	645,100		-		212,417		(432,683)
Pupil transportation services	68,434		-		3,359		(65,075)
Student activities	8,201		-		-		(8,201)
Athletic activities	25,815		-		-		(25,815)
Food services	313,470		58		154,534		(158,878)
Unallocated depreciation	225,886		-		-		(225,886)
Unallocated interest	 466,046		-		-		(466,046)
Total primary government	\$ 7,314,012	\$	58	\$	2,086,038		(5,227,916)
General Purpose Revenues							
State school aid - unrestricted							5,329,290
Miscellaneous revenues							128,164
Total general purpose revenues							5,457,454
Change in net position							229,538
Net position - July 1, 2020							1,301,576
Net position - June 30, 2021						\$	1,531,114

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS

		Debt					
		General		Service			Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5	874,634	\$	-	\$	874,634
Investments			10,000		652,064		662,064
Due from other governmental units			2,064,660		-		2,064,660
Prepaid expenses			26,142		_		26,142
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	5	2,975,436	\$	652,064	\$	3,627,500
L	ABILITIES AND FUND	BA	LANCE				
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	5	359,044	\$	-	\$	359,044
Due to other governmental units			-		485,175		485,175
Unearned revenue			4,787		-		4,787
Other accrued expenses			513,705		-		513,705
Total liabilities			877,536		485,175		1,362,711
Fund Balance							
Nonspendable			26,142		-		26,142
Restricted			10,000		166,889		176,889
Unassigned	_		2,061,758				2,061,758
Total fund balance	_		2,097,900		166,889		2,264,789
Total liabilities							
and fund balance	<u> \$</u>	5	2,975,436	\$	652,064	\$	3,627,500

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 2,264,789
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$9,275,693	
and accumulated depreciation is \$2,874,431.	6,401,262
Interest is not payable until due in governmental activities and, therefore, is not recorded in the funds.	(101,911)
	(===,===,
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (7,033,026)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,531,114

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

						n-Major		
		General		Debt Service	•	l Revenue - d Service		Total
Revenues		General		Service	F00	a Service		Total
Local sources	\$	119,838	\$	8,326	\$	58	\$	128,222
State sources	,	6,090,917	,	-	т	8,953	,	6,099,870
Federal sources		1,169,876				145,581		1,315,457
Total governmental fund revenues		7,380,631		8,326		154,592		7,543,549
Expenditures								
Instruction								
Basic programs		2,759,025		-		-		2,759,025
Added needs		652,698		-		-		652,698
Support services								
Pupil support services		143,251		-		-		143,251
Instructional staff support services		258,482		-		-		258,482
General administration		820,502		-		-		820,502
School administration		623,621		-		-		623,621
Business support services		3,485		299,996		-		303,481
Operations and maintenance		645,100		-		-		645,100
Pupil transportation services		68,434		-		-		68,434
Student activities		8,201						8,201
Athletic activities		25,815		-		-		25,815
Food services		-		-		313,470		313,470
Capital outlay		40,595		-		-		40,595
Debt principal and interest		-		8,276,451		-		8,276,451
Total governmental fund expenditures		6,049,209		8,576,447		313,470		14,939,126
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		1,331,422		(8,568,121)		(158,878)		(7,395,577)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from long-term debt		-		7,042,239		-		7,042,239
Operating transfers in		_		1,042,798		121,874		1,164,672
Operating transfers out		(1,164,672)				-		(1,164,672)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,164,672)		8,085,037		121,874		7,042,239
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
and other financing sources								
over expenditures and other uses		166,750		(483,084)		(37,004)		(353,338)
Fund balance - July 1, 2020		1,931,150		649,973		37,004		2,618,127
Fund balance - June 30, 2021	\$	2,097,900	\$	166,889	\$		\$	2,264,789

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (353,338)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period

Capital outlay \$ 40,595

Depreciation and amortization expense (225,886)

(185,291)

The governmental funds report loan proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of loan principal is reported as an expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general loan obligations is as follows:

 Proceeds from long-term debt
 \$ (7,042,239)

 Repayment of loan principal
 7,765,000

 Interest expense
 45,406
 768,167

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

229,538

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Hanley International Academy (the "Academy") conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public school academies. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

Hanley International Academy was formed as a public school academy pursuant to the Michigan School Code of 1976, as amended by Act No. 362 of the Public Acts of 1993 and Act No. 416 of the Public Acts of 1994. The Academy filed articles of incorporation as a nonprofit corporation pursuant to the provisions of the Michigan Nonprofit Corporation Act of 1982, as amended, and began operation in May 2005.

In June 2019, the Academy entered into a seven-year contract, expiring June 30, 2026, with Grand Valley State University's Board of Control to charter a public school academy. The contract requires the Academy to act exclusively as a governmental agency and not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as an entity authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to the State constitution. The University's Board of Control is the fiscal agent for the Academy and is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the contract and all applicable laws. The Academy pays Grand Valley State University's Board of Control three percent of state aid as administrative fees. Total administrative fees paid for the year ended June 30, 2021 were approximately \$156,600.

In June 2019, the Academy entered into a seven-year agreement with The Romine Group, Inc. Under the terms of this agreement, The Romine Group, Inc. provides a variety of services including financial management, educational programs and consulting, as well as teacher training. The Academy is obligated to pay The Romine Group, Inc. ten percent of its state school aid revenue and all other governmental revenue sources. The total paid for these services amounted to approximately \$612,200 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational or financial relationships with the public school academy. Based on application of criteria, the Academy does not contain component units.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Academy. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Academy are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of a fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the combined financial statements in this report, into generic fund types in two broad fund categories.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Governmental Funds

A governmental fund is a fund through which most Academy functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Academy's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through a governmental fund.

General Fund - The general fund is used to record the general operations of the Academy pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

<u>Special Revenue Fund (Food Service)</u>- The special revenue fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, is used to account for the food service program operations. The special revenue fund is a subsidiary operation and is an obligation of the general fund. Therefore, any shortfall in the special revenue fund will be covered by an operating transfer from the general fund. The special revenue fund does not maintain its own assets and liabilities; accordingly, no balance sheet is presented for this fund.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to record certain revenue and the payment of interest, principal and other expenditures on long-term debt.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Governmental and agency funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Modifications in such method from the accrual basis are as follows:

- a. Revenue that is both measurable and available for use to finance operations is recorded as revenue when earned. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.
- b. Payments for inventoriable types of supplies, which are not significant at year end, are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.
- c. Principal and interest of general long-term debt are not recorded as expenditures until their due dates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

d. The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance funding approach, which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenue from state sources is primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The state portion of the foundation is provided from the State's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law. A major portion of the Academy's revenue is derived from this state aid. As such, the Academy is considered to be economically dependent on this aid. The Academy's existence is dependent upon qualification for such aid.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Academy and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Academy does not allocate indirect expenses to programs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the Academy has eliminated inter-fund transactions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or function is self financing or draws from the general revenues of the Academy. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Academy's policy to use restricted resources first.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position's use is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Academy first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Academy's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Academy reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools and GASB No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures. Under these standards, certain

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Academy intends to hold the investment until maturity. The Academy held investments in mutual funds that invest solely in U.S. Treasury obligations. The funds are held in trust for debt service and capital projects. State statutes authorize the Academy to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, saving accounts, deposit accounts, and or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Corporation or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Academy is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021 consist primarily of state school aid due from the State of Michigan and the federal government. All receivables are expected to be fully collected in July and August of 2021 and are considered current for the purposes of these financial statements.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions or retirements during the year. The Academy follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a useful life of less than one year. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure assets.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and improvements10-50 yearsFurniture and equipment5-15 yearsComputers and software3-10 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the non-current portion of capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows and liabilities, and deferred inflows. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws of regulations of other governments.

Fund Equity

The Academy has adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year reporting. The intention of the GASB is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the Academy's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on those resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. This category typically includes prepaid items and inventories.

In addition to nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- a. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- b. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes action to remove or change the constraint.
- c. Assigned fund balance amounts the Board intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board or by an official or committee to which the Board delegates the authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

d. *Unassigned fund balance* – amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Academy follows the policy that restricted, committed, or assigned amounts will be considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unassigned and restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances are available. There are no governmental funds with a deficit.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based upon the payment provisions of the contact. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Academy's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a consistent basis with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances are not formally recorded.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the Academy to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. The Academy is required by law to adopt a general fund budget. During the year ended June 30, 2021 the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. A comparison of actual expenditures against amounts appropriated can be found on page 20 of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2021, the Academy had the following investments:

Туре	S&P Rating	Maturities	Car	rying Value
Deposits: Demand deposits			\$	874,634
Investments:				
U.S. Treasury and agency obligations	AAAm	Various		662,064
Total deposits and investments			\$	1,536,698
The above amounts are reported in the financial statements	as follows:			
Deposits:				
Cash - General fund			\$	874,634
Investments:				
Investments - General fund				10,000
Investments - Debt service fund				652,064
Total investments				662,064
Total deposits and investments			\$	1,536,698

Cash is split between unrestricted and restricted amounts. General Fund and Debt Service Fund investments are restricted for use in servicing debt obligations.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Academy will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Academy's cash requirements.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2021, the Academy's investments were rated AAA by Standards & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Academy will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Academy's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. More than 5% of the Academy's investments are in pooled investment accounts which represents 100% of the Academy's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2021, \$657,402 of the Academy's cash was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured. All cash balances were uncollateralized as of June 30, 2021.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Academy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Academy will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Academy will do business.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Academy is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

Fair Value

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Academy has the ability to access.
- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

c. Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The observable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Academy's own data.)

The Academy does not have any investments that are subject to the fair value measurement.

NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units consist of the following:

Local and interdistrict sources	\$ 95,892
State sources	1,066,280
Federal sources	 902,488
Total	\$ 2,064,660

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the Academy's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance Ily 1, 2020	A	dditions	Dis	sposals	Balance ne 30, 2021
Capital assets not subject to depreciation						
Land	\$ 927,817	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 927,817
Capital assets subject to depreciation						
Building	7,045,876		-		-	7,045,876
Equipment	163,801		25,000		-	188,801
Furniture	452,461		-		-	452,461
Computer	645,143		15,595			660,738
Sub-total	9,235,098		40,595		-	9,275,693
Accumulated depreciation						
Building	1,555,715		173,436		-	1,729,151
Equipment	150,754		3,227		-	153,981
Furniture	399,456		25,274		-	424,730
Computer	542,620		23,949			566,569
Sub-total	2,648,545		225,886			2,874,431
Total net capital assets	\$ 6,586,553	\$	(185,291)	\$	-	\$ 6,401,262

Depreciation and amortization expense was not charged to activities as the Academy considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 6 – OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES

Other accrued expenses can be summarized as follows:

	Ne	Net Position		Funds	
Purchased services - payroll and benefits	\$	306,355	\$	306,355	
Management fee		140,572		140,572	
University oversight fee		28,482		28,482	
Other accrued expenses		38,296		38,296	
Interest		101,911		_	
Total other accrued expenses	\$	615,616	\$	513,705	

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the Academy during the year ended June 30, 2021:

Loan Information	In	terest	N	Maturity						
		Rate		Date				Other		
Revenue bond 1	6.125	5% - 9.0%	Septe	ember, 2040	Refinanced during the year ended June 30, 2021. in full.				021. Paid	
Revenue bond 2	3.5%	% - 6.5%	Septo	ember, 2040	Payments of interest twice yearly and one annual payment of principal. Secured by facility and pledge for 20% of state school aid funding.					
Loan Activity										
	Ва	lance			Ret	tirements	1	Balance	Due	Within
	July	1, 2020	A	dditions	and Payments June 30,		ne 30, 2021	On	e Year	
Revenue bond Revenue bond	\$	7,765,000 -	\$	- 6,600,000	\$	7,765,000 -	\$	- 6,600,000	\$	- -
Revenue bond	\$	7,765,000	\$	6,600,000	\$	7,765,000	\$	6,600,000	\$	_
Plus unamortized bo	nd pren	nium						433,026		
							\$	7,033,026		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE - Continued

Following are maturities of long-term obligations for principal and interest for the next five years and in total:

	Principal		Interest	
2022	\$	-	\$ 299,231	
2023		240,000	288,526	
2024		250,000	279,951	
2025		255,000	271,113	
2026		265,000	262,013	
2027 - 2031		1,475,000	1,161,313	
2032 - 2036		1,810,000	811,750	
2037 - 2041		2,305,000	299,375	

NOTE 8 – OPERATING LEASES

Lease Information

<u>Lease Information</u>	Maturity Date	Approximate Payment	Other
Bus lease	June, 2022 \$170,100 yearly		Payments are \$270 per day for roughly 180 days; 3% increase per year. Field trips are billed separately on an as needed basis.
The approximate amount of leas	e obligations comin	g due during the ne	xt year is as follows:
2022			\$ 170,100

Total lease expense included in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2021 amounted to approximately \$67,100.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN

All leased employees of the Academy are eligible to participate in a retirement plan established by the Academy's management company (the employer) which qualifies under the provisions of Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Academy, under this plan, will reimburse the employer's contribution of 4% of salaries regardless of the amount the employee contributes. The Academy will additionally reimburse the employer's match up to 4% of employee contributed funds. Eligible employees may contribute up to 15% of their salaries under the terms of this plan.

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the normal course of the school year the Academy transferred amounts between its major funds as follows:

		Special Revenue -						
	Gen	General			Debt Service			
Transfer In	\$	-	\$	121,874	\$	1,042,797		
Transfer Out	1	,164,672		-		-		

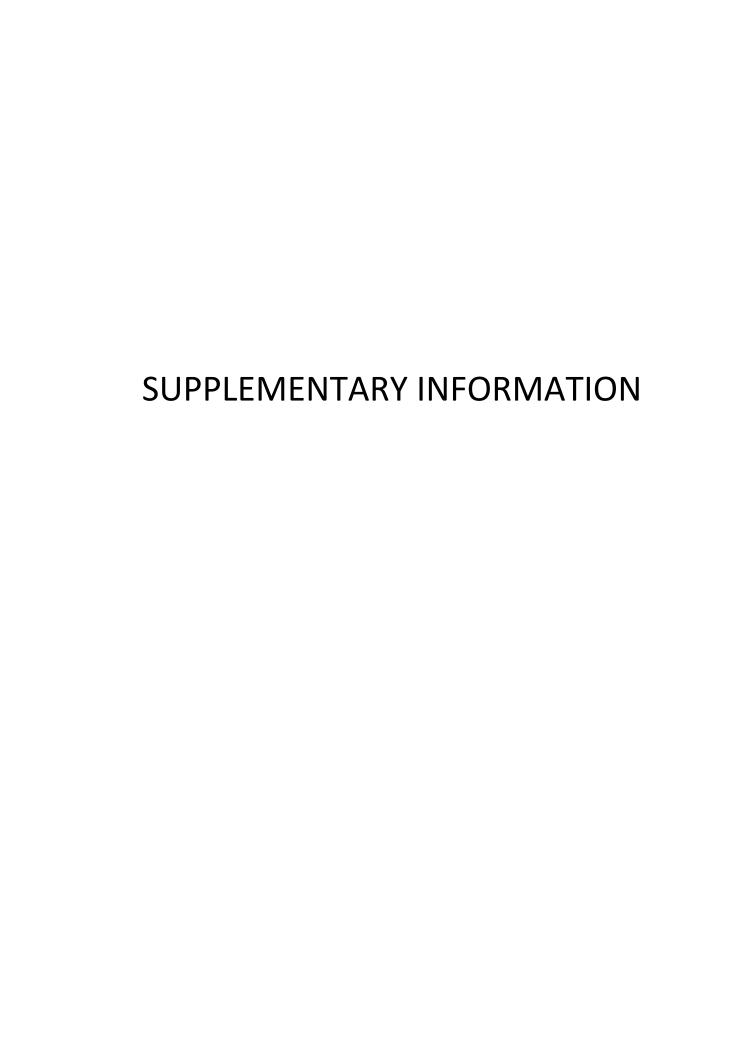
As stipulated by the Academy's revenue bond agreement as described in Note 7, the Academy must transfer 20% of its state aid to a trustee. The trustee retains the required portion for debt service and returns the remainder to the Academy.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (worker's compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Academy has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 12 - CONTNGENCIES

The COVID-19 pandemic that the world is experiencing is unprecedented. It is nearly impossible to fully anticipate the long term effects the impact it will have on the economy and the Academy's operations. As of the date of these financial statements, the Academy continues to evaluate and implement risk mitigation tactics including all aspects of the Academy's activities related to public school education, relationships with local, state, and federal government funding sources, compliance with the requirements of these funding sources and with business transactions with customers, vendors and human interaction within and outside of the Academy.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 51,780	\$ 31,826	\$ 119,838	\$ 88,012	
State sources	5,407,799	6,092,475	6,090,917	(1,558)	
Federal sources	988,550	1,180,040	1,169,876	(10,164)	
Interdistrict sources		201,250		(201,250)	
Total general fund revenues	6,448,129	7,505,591	7,380,631	(124,960)	
Expenditures					
Instruction					
Basic programs	2,466,947	2,873,544	2,759,025	(114,519)	
Added needs	1,008,311	700,563	652,698	(47,865)	
Support services		·	•	, , ,	
Pupil support services	140,075	145,362	143,251	(2,111)	
Instructional staff support services	76,661	299,548	258,482	(41,066)	
General administration	731,468	56,610	820,502	763,892	
School administration	708,920	1,427,580	623,621	(803,959)	
Business support services	4,500	3,861	3,485	(376)	
Operations and maintenance	597,714	729,967	645,100	(84,867)	
Pupil transportation services	222,725	67,358	68,434	1,076	
Student activities	53,500	10,000	8,201	(1,799)	
Athletic activities	29,839	29,872	25,815	(4,057)	
Community services	14,400	1,100	-	(1,100)	
Capital outlay			40,595	40,595	
Total general fund expenditures	6,055,060	6,345,365	6,049,209	(296,156)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	393,069	1,160,226	1,331,422	171,196	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers out	(756,000)	(1,182,764)	(1,164,672)	18,092	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources					
over expenditures and other uses	(362,931)	(22,538)	166,750	189,288	
Fund balance - July 1, 2020	1,931,150	1,931,150	1,931,150		
Fund balance - June 30, 2021	\$ 1,568,219	\$ 1,908,612	\$ 2,097,900	\$ 189,288	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Local Sources	
Authorizer grant	\$ 13,980
Student activities	1,616
Other local revenues	 104,242
Total local sources	119,838
State Sources	
At risk	467,347
Great start readiness program	267,522
Special education	26,758
State aid	 5,329,290
Total state sources	6,090,917
Federal Sources	
IDEA	125,250
Title I	349,532
Title III	29,402
Other program revenue	 665,692
Total federal sources	 1,169,876
Total general fund revenues	\$ 7,380,631

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Basic Programs	
Purchased services	\$ 2,394,387
Supplies and materials	352,660
Non-depreciable capital assets	1,402
Other expenditures	10,576
Total basic programs	2,759,025
Added Needs	
Purchased services	651,517
Supplies and materials	1,181
Total added needs	652,698
Pupil Support Services	
Health services	21,606
Psychological services	7,800
Speech pathology and audiology	71,078
Social work services	42,767
Total pupil support services	143,251
Instructional Staff Support Services	
Purchased services	146,324
Supplies and materials	112,158
Total instructional staff support services	258,482
General Administration	
Purchased services	50,337
Management fees	612,242
University oversight	156,578
Other expenditures	1,345
Total general administration	820,502
School Administration	
Purchased services	585,057
Supplies and materials	9,943
Other expenditures	28,621
Total school administration	623,621

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Business Support Services	
Other expenditures	3,485
Operations and Maintenance	
Purchased services	230,950
Repairs and maintenance	176,994
Supplies and materials	237,156
Total operations and maintenance	645,100
Pupil Transportation Services	
Purchased services	1,334
Other expenditures	67,100
Total pupil transportation services	68,434
Student Activities	
Other expenditures	8,201
Athletic Activities	
Purchased services	15,521
Supplies and materials	5,994
Other expenditures	4,300
Total athletic activities	25,815
Capital Outlay	40,595
Total general fund expenditures	\$ 6,049,209

APPENDIX

Federal Awards Report



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Hanley International Academy

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hanley International Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hanley International Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hanley International Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanley International Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanley International Academy's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Fax: 248.659.5305

Fax: 561.368.4641

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hanley International Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Crosky Kause; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 26, 2021





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of Hanley International Academy

We have audited Hanley International Academy's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hanley International Academy's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Hanley International Academy's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hanley International Academy's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hanley International Academy's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hanley International Academy's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hanley International Academy complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Fax: 248.659.5305

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Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Hanley International Academy is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Hanley International Academy's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanley International Academy's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Croskay Lauri; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 26, 2021



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Program Title/Project	Grant/ Project	CFDA	Approved Awards	(Memo Only) Prior Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at	Adjustments and	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind		Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at	Current Year Cash Transferred To
Number Subrecipient Name	Number	Number	Amount	Expenditures	July 1, 2020	Transfers	Received	Expenditures	June 30, 2021	Subrecipient
Clusters:										
Child Nutrition Cluster - U.S. Department of Agriculture -										
Passed through Michigan Department of Education:										
Noncash Assistance (Commodities) -										
National Lunch Program										
Commodities 2020-21	N/A	10.555	\$ 37,589	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,262	\$ 3,262	\$ -	\$ -
Cash Assistance:										
National School Lunch Program 2019-20 - COVID-19	200902	10.555	15,829	15,829	1,632	-	1,632	-	-	-
	201960/									
National School Lunch Program 2020-21	211960	10.555	91,033				66,002	91,033	25,031	
National School Lunch Program										
(including commodities) Subtotal		10.555	144,451	15,829	1,632	-	70,896	94,295	25,031	-
	201970/									
National School Breakfast Program 2020-21	211970	10.553	51,286				38,304	51,286	12,982	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			195,737	15,829	1,632	-	109,200	145,581	38,013	-
Special Education Cluster - U.S. Department of Ed										
Passed through the Wayne County RESA										
IDEA Flowthrough:										
IDEA Flowthrough 1920	201450	84.027	110,676	110,676	24,078	-	24,078	-	-	-
IDEA Flowthrough 2021	211450	84.027	125,250	-			70,462	125,250	54,788	
Total Special Education Cluster			235,926	110,676	24,078	-	94,540	125,250	54,788	-

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	CFDA Number	Approved Awards Amount	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2020	Adjustments and Transfers	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2021	Current Year Cash Transferred To Subrecipient
Other federal awards:									,	
U.S. Department of Ed Passed through										
the Michigan Department of Education:										
Title I Part A:										
Title I Part A 1920	201530	84.010	402,961	393,127	272,814	-	272,814	-	-	-
Title I Part A 2021	211530	84.010	395,018					349,532	349,532	
Total Title I Part A		84.010	797,979	393,127	272,814	-	272,814	349,532	349,532	-
Title III Part A - English Language Acquisition:										
Title III Part A 1920	200570	84.365	2,912	2,258	2,258	-	2,258	-	-	-
Title III Part A 1920	200580	84.365	25,471	25,471	15,973	-	15,973	-	-	-
Title III Part A 2021	210580	84.365	29,402	-				29,402	29,402	
Total Title III Part A		84.365	57,785	27,729	18,231	-	18,231	29,402	29,402	-
Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction:										
Title II Part A 1920	200520	84.367	52,595	52,097	52,097	-	52,097	-	-	-
Title IV Part A - Student Support & Academic Enrichment:										
Title IV Part A 1920	200750	84.424	27,790	27,790	13,982	-	13,982	-	-	-
Title IV Part A 2021	210750	84.424	27,792					27,792	27,792	
Total Title IV Part A		84.424	55,582	27,790	13,982	-	13,982	27,792	27,792	-
Education Stabilization Fund:										
Governer's Emergency Education Relief										
(GEER) Fund 2021 - COVID-19	201200	84.425	82,893	-	-	-	-	41,952	41,952	-
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency										
Relief Fund 1920 (ESSER I) - COVID-19	203710	84.425	313,921	-	-	-	-	313,921	313,921	-
Education Equity (ESSER) - COVID-19	203720	84.425	47,088					47,088	47,088	
Total Education Stabilization Fund		84.425	443,902	-	-	-	-	402,961	402,961	-

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Accrued		Federal Funds/		Accrued	Current Year
	Grant/		Approved	(Memo Only)	(Deferred)	Adjustments	Payments		(Deferred)	Cash
Program Title/Project	Project	CFDA	Awards	Prior Year	Revenue at	and	In-kind		Revenue at	Transferred To
Number Subrecipient Name	Number	Number	Amount	Expenditures	July 1, 2020	Transfers	Received	Expenditures	June 30, 2021	Subrecipient
Other federal awards (Continued):										
U.S. Department of Treasury - Passed through										
the Michigan Department of Education:										
Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF):										
CRF School Aid 2021 - COVID-19	11(p)	21.019	226,951	-	-	-	226,951	226,951	-	-
District COVID-19 Costs 2021 - COVID-19	103(2)	21.019	7,988				7,988	7,988		
Total Coronavirus Relief Fund		21.019	234,939				234,939	234,939		
Total Federal Awards			\$2,074,445	\$ 627,248	\$ 382,834	\$ -	\$ 795,803	\$1,315,457	\$ 902,488	\$ -

RECONCILIATION OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEDERAL RECEIVABLES AND REVENUE WITH SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Revenues to Expenditures

Revenue from federal sources - As reported on modified accrual financial statements (includes all funds):

General Fund	\$ 1,169,876
Special Revenue Fund - Food Service	 145,581
Federal expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 1,315,457

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Hanley International Academy under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Hanley International Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Hanley International Academy.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

Hanley International Academy has elected to not use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 - NONCASH ASSISTANCE

The value of the noncash assistance received was determined in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 - GRANT AUDITOR REPORT

Management has utilized the Grant Auditor report in preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Unreconciled differences, if any, have been disclosed to the auditor.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF THE AUDITOR'S RESULTS

SECTION 1 - SOLVINIANT OF THE AUDITOR 3 RESULTS			
Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified			
nternal control over financial reporting:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		yes	<u>X</u> no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? 		yes	X_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards			
nternal control over major programs:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		yes	<u>X</u> no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)? 		yes	X_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major progra	ams: Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?		yes	<u>X</u> no
dentification of major programs:			
CFDA Number(s) 84.010	Name of Federal F Title I Part A	Program or Clu	<u>ister</u>
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in 2 CFR section 200	0.518(b):	\$ 750	,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		_X_yes	no
SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS None			

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS None